**ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT CELL**

**Activity – I**

***Summary of the club meeting conducted on 28-4-2022***

We have seen some videos of small talk with the well known entrepreneurs of the world

**Vijay Shekhar Sharma**

1. Vijay Shekar Sharma is an Indian Billionare and Business man.
2. He is the founder of the famous financial tech company- PAYTM. Vijay Shekhar was born in [Aligarh](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aligarh), Uttar Pradesh on 7 June 1978.
3. He was born to Sulom Prakash, a school teacher, and Asha Sharma, a home maker.
4. He cites [Alibaba's](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alibaba_Group) founder [Jack Ma](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jack_Ma) and [Masayoshi Son](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Masayoshi_Son) of [Softbank](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Softbank), as his inspirations.
5. Though He came from poor economic background,Vijay Shekhar Sharma founded fast-rising mobile wallet Paytm in 2011.
6. His opinion about the fear and failure and the fear of failure is “if we face the most worst failure and we overcome that ,then next time you can handle it”.
7. He became one of the biggest beneficiaries of India's 2016 demonetization, Paytm has notched up 400 million users and 25 million transactions daily.
8. PAYTM got Nearly 75% of its valuation eroded ever since it made its entry into the public market. It is important to note that Paytm had raised capital at the valuation of $19.9 billion in its initial public offering (IPO), but its current market capitalisation is ₹41,476 crore ($5.4 billion).

**Bill Gates**

1. Bill Gates was born in [Seattle](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Seattle), [Washington](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Washington_(state)) on October 28, 1955.[[3]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bill_Gates#cite_note-:5-3) He is the son of [William H. Gates Sr.](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/William_H._Gates_Sr.)[[b]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bill_Gates#cite_note-23) (1925–2020) and [Mary Maxwell Gates](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mary_Maxwell_Gates) (1929–1994).
2. At 13,he enrolled in the private Lakeside prep school, where he wrote his first software program , an implementation of tic–tac-toe that allowed users to play the game against the computer.
3. At 17, Gates formed a venture with Allen called [Traf-O-Data](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Traf-O-Data) to make traffic counters based on the [Intel 8008](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Intel_8008) processor.
4. He contacted MITS to inform them that he and others were working on a BASIC interpreter for the platform. MITS agreed to meet them for demonstration. It was a success and resulted in a deal with MITS.Allen(owner of the MITS)named their partnership as ”MICROSOFT”
5. He and Allen founded Microsoft in [Albuquerque, New Mexico](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Albuquerque,_New_Mexico). It became the world's largest [personal computer](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Personal_computer) software company.
6. Gates led the company as chairman and CEO until stepping down as CEO in January 2000, succeeded by [Steve Ballmer](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Steve_Ballmer), but he remained chairman of the board of directors and became chief software architect
7. Later in his career and since leaving day-to-day operations at Microsoft in 2008, Gates has pursued many business and philanthropic endeavors. He is the founder and chairman of several companies, including [BEN](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Branded_Entertainment_Network), [Cascade Investment](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cascade_Investment), [bgC3](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/BgC3), and [TerraPower](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TerraPower).
8. He has given sizable amounts of money to various charitable organizations and scientific research programs through the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, reported to be the world's largest [private charity](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Private_foundation).
9. Through the foundation, he led an early 21st century [vaccination](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vaccination) campaign that significantly contributed to the eradication of the wild [poliovirus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poliovirus) in Africa.

**Ratan Tata**

1. **Ratan Tata** ,a member of a prominent family of Indian industrialists and philanthropists is an Indian businessman who became chairman (1991–2012 and 2016–17) of the [Tata Group](https://www.britannica.com/topic/Tata-Group).
2. he was educated at [Cornell University](https://www.britannica.com/topic/Cornell-University), Ithaca, [New York](https://www.britannica.com/place/New-York-state), where he earned a B.S. (1962) in [architecture](https://www.britannica.com/dictionary/architecture) before returning to work in [India](https://www.britannica.com/place/India).
3. He became chairman of Tata Industries a decade later and in 1991 succeeded his uncle, J.R.D. Tata, as chairman of the Tata Group.
4. Upon assuming leadership, he aggressively sought to expand it,  and increasingly focused on globalizing its businesses.
5. The group acquired London-based Tetley Tea in 2000, purchased the truck-manufacturing operations of Daewoo Motors in 2004, bought Corus Group in 2007, purchased Jaguar and Land Rover in 2008, and in 2009 launched the Tata Nano, a vehicle touted as the “People’s Car.”
6. Tata invested personal savings in [Snapdeal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Snapdeal) – one of India's leading e-commerce websites –and, in January 2016, [Teabox](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Teabox), an online premium Indian Tea seller,[[27]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ratan_Tata#cite_note-27) and CashKaro.com, a discount coupons and cash-back website.
7. [Tata Motors](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tata_Motors) rolled out the first batch of Tigor Electric Vehicles from its [Sanand Plant](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sanand_Plant_(Tata_Motors)) in Gujarat, regarding which Ratan Tata said, "Tigor indicates a willingness to fast-forward India's electric dream. The government has set an ambitious target to have only electric cars by 2030
8. During the 21 years he led the tata group revenues grew over 40 times and profit, over 50 times
9. All this turned tata from a largely indai centric group into a global business.